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Genuine Design

Expert Perspective

POWER QUALITY MONITORING SYSTEM

he electricity consumption has sharply increased on which the industrial revolution had a significant impact, beginning with the initial years of electricity usage. Increasing electric demand expanded electrical (power) systems inducing a number of related technical issues, namely, power quality problems. These had not attracted the attention of industrial corporations and research centers up until 90s. Increasing industrialization, developing semi-conductor technology, and growing urbanization have recently revealed the importance of power quality problems, and research conducted on this topic has substantially increased.

In order to detect the sources and types of power quality problems which lead to considerable economic loss, current and voltage of the electrical grid should be continuously monitored. Thereby, issues including

- identification of the problems
- under which conditions these occur
- possible outcomes that these problems can lead to
- which loads connected to the point of common coupling cause these problems
- which customers are negatively affected from the problems and at what ratio they are affected

should be determined, and the necessary sanctions and measures should be applied.

Power Quality Monitoring System, developed by TÜBİTAK Marmara Research Center (MRC), has been installed at circa 625 transformer substations to monitor 1,970 feeders in real-time, with 1140 installed Power Quality Analyzers, as of 2019. Measurements performed by the analyzers are automatically sent to the National Power Quality Monitoring Center built by TÜBİTAK MRC at TEİAŞ facilities.

Common Use

Flexible Software

WHE PROPERTY



Voltage Inputs

— PQ2F → 2x (3 phase voltage + neutral), PQ4F → 4 x (3 phase voltage + neutral)

- 100V/3 (phase-neutral) or 100V/√3 for V connection

Current Inputs

Number of Inputs — PQ2F \Rightarrow 2x (3-phase current + neutral), PQ4F \Rightarrow 4x (3 phase current + neutral)

-1A/5A

Number of Inputs

Rated Voltage

Rated Current

Supply Input

Number of Inputs

Number of Outputs

Communication Input

Supply Power Consumption

Power Quality Analyzer

Synchronization

Event Recorder

Mounting

Weight

Dimensions

Digital Inputs-Outputs

- PQ2F → 2x8 isolated 24V digital inputs, PQ4F → 4x8 isolated 24V digital inputs

PQ2F → 2x4 isolated 24V digital outputs, PQ4F → 4x8 isolated 24V digital outputs

Ethernet, RS485

Power

85-264 VAC (@50Hz, @60Hz) or 100-370 VDC

- PQ2F → < 20W, PQ4F → <25W

Device Features

- IEC61000-4-30 ed2.0, IEC61000-4-7, IEC61000-4-15 ed2.0 (Class A)

Sample-based GPS-synchronization and NTP-based time synchronization

IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0

Rail mounting

PQ2F → 132x284x87 mm, PQ4F → 132x390x87 mm

- PQ2F → 2150 grams, PQ4F → 2950 grams

-10°C -50°C (non-condensing)

Working Temperature

TECHNICAL FEATURES

Sampling System

16 bit

512 sample/cycle, simultaneously for all analog channels (1) -

25600 sample/sec/channel (2)

Simultaneous sampling for all channels

Synchronized data collection with GPS

Measurement Modes

Vrms. Arms⁽³⁾

IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A) <

Watt, VA, VAr, PF, kWh, kVAh, kVArh⁽³⁾ IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A), IEC 61000-4-7, IEEE Std 1459-2010 <

 $H7^{(3)}$

IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A) <

Up to the 50th harmonic (3,6)

IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A), IEC 61000-4-7, IEC 61000-2-4 <

Up to the 50th harmonic (3,6)

IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A), IEC 61000-4-7, IEC 61000-2-4 <

(Voltage)⁽³⁾

IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A) <

(Current)⁽³⁾

IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A) <

Pst⁽³⁾ (Short-term flicker, can be configured as 1/5/10-minute averages) IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A), IEC 61000-4-15 ed2.0 <

Plt⁽³⁾ (Long-term flicker, as 2-hour averages) IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A), IEC 61000-4-15 ed2.0 <

Resolution

Samples per Cycle

Maximum Sampling Rate

Sampling Method

Synchronization

RMS

Power and Energy

Frequency

Harmonics (Group and Subgroup)

Interharmonics (Group and Subgroup)

THD (Total Harmonic Distortion)

TDD (Total Demand Distortion)

Flicker

TECHNICAL FEATURES

| GUÇ KALÎTÊSÎ V | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Voltage Unbalance Analysis — | Voltage unbalance - % (negative component/positive component) > IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A) |
| Event Detector — | Voltage sag, swell and interruption > IEC 61000-4-30 ed2.0 (Class A) |
| PMU (Phasor Measurement Unit) | Calculation of synchrophasor data ⁽⁴⁾ > IEE Std. C37. 118 |
| Raw Data Collection — | Raw data recording for PQ2F → 12 channels x 25600 samples/sec, PQ4F → 24 channels x 25600 samples/sec |
| | Communication |
| IP-based — | Real-time direct communication with the Power Quality Monitoring Centers ⁽⁵⁾ through IP-based ADSL / Fiber Optic / 3G / Satellite links |
| Encrypted Communication — | —— 1024-bit RSA encryption |
| | |
| Internal Storage — | In case of communication problems, power quality event and parameter data can be stored up to 3 years on the internal hard drive of 64 GB storage. |
| | |
| | ——— ⁽¹⁾ On demand, the samples per second can be configured as 256, 512, or 1024. |
| | —— ⁽²⁾ On demand, the maximum sampling rate can be configured as 12800, 25600 or 51200 samples/sec/channel. |
| | ——— ⁽³⁾ It can calculate all power quality parameters in the measurement standards with Class A measurement accuracy at the resolutions of 10 cycles, 3 seconds, 10 minutes, or 2 hours. |
| | ——— ⁽⁴⁾ On demand, the power quality analyzer can be configured to work in PMU mode. The analyzers working in PMU mode can record data as 100-msec averages. |
| | ——— ⁽⁵⁾ Power quality analyzers can send real-time data to power quality and wind power monitoring and forecast centers. |
| | ——— ⁽⁶⁾ On demand, harmonics up to the 63rd harmonic can be measured. |
| TECHNICAL FEATURES | |
| | FEATURES OF POWER QUALITY ANALYZER |

MEASUREMENT PRECISION OF THE POWER QUALITY ANALYZER

| Power Quality Parameters | Measurement Interval | Conditions | Requirements of the Connection Agreement |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Vrms (AC) | 10%~200 V _{rated} | Always | ≤0,1% |
| Irms (AC) | %10~200 I _{rated} | Always | ≤0,1 |
| Frequency | 42,5 - 57,5 Hz | Always | ≤0,01% Hz |
| Power (kW, kVAr, kVA) | | P ≥ 150W P < 150W | ≤1% P _m ≤1,5 W |
| THD, Voltage Harmonics and Interharmonics | Up to the 50 th harmonics | V _m ≥1% V _{rated} V _m <1% V _{rated} | ≤5% V _m ≤0.05% V _{rated} |
| TDD, Current Harmonics and Interharmonics | Up to the 50 th harmonics | I _m ≥3% _{rated} I _m <3% _{rated} | ≤5% _m ≤0.15% _{rated} |
| Flicker | 0.2-10 P _{st} | Always | ≤5% |
| Voltage Unbalance | | $0 < \frac{V \text{ negative}}{V \text{ positive}} < \%$ | ≤0,15% |

PQ2F & PQ4F

♥ GÜÇ KALITESI ÇÖZÜMLEYİCİLERİ

≤0,05%

≤0,05%

≤0,05% Hz

≤0.08% P_m

≤0.5% (2nd to 20th harmonics) ≤1.5% (21st to 40th harmonics) ≤2% (41st to 50th harmonics)

≤0.5% (2nd to 20th harmonics) ≤1.5% (21st to 40th harmonics) ≤2% (41st to 50th harmonics)

≤2,5%

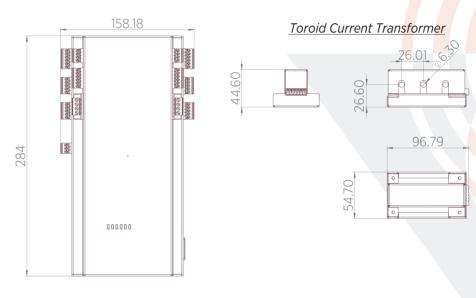
≤0,15%

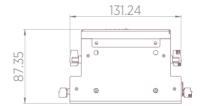
TECHNICAL FEATURES

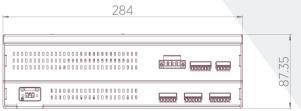


PQ2F DIMENSIONS OF THE POWER QUALITY ANALYZER

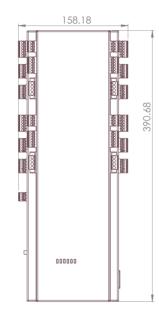
Compact Design



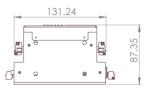




PQ4F DIMENSIONS OF THE POWER QUALITY ANALYZER







Rail Mounting



Lower Costs

100% Compatibility with the National Power Quality Monitoring Center

100% Compatibility with the Wind Monitoring and Forecast Center

Lossless Data Transmission

Large Data Storage Capacity -

Raw Data Collection Feature

OUTSTANDING FEATURES OF THE POWER QUALITY MONITORING SYSTEM

▶ Lower costs

- Simultaneously sending data to 3 different servers is possible, without needing an intermediate equipment.
- There is no need for extra software and license fees.
- There are no yearly usage and maintenance fees.
- There is no limit on the number of users.
- ➤ In case of a networking problem between the Power Quality Analyzer and the Monitoring Center, the analyzer can store data for up to 3 years on its disk of 64 GB storage capacity. When the networking problem is solved, the analyzer can transmit this stored data to the Monitoring Center in a lossless manner.
- ➤ While the Power Quality Analyzer can analyze power quality parameters conforming to IEC 61000-4-30 standard, it can also simultaneously save raw data and perform PMU analyses. Thereby, it enables detailed analyses regarding power quality problems.
- ➤ Software running on the Power Quality Analyzer can be automatically updated via the central server.

- ▶ It is possible to perform measurements for 2, 4, or 7 feeders simultaneously⁽¹⁾.
- ▶ It is designed to be easily installed with its compact structure.
- It can transmit the measured data to one or more monitoring centers in a simultaneous and lossless manner⁽²⁾.
- It can supply data to SCADA or similar systems using the Modbus TCP protocol.
- The measurement data can be monitored in real-time using the Real-time Power Quality Monitoring Software (as 100 msec⁽²⁾ and 3 sec. averages).
- ➤ Automatic reporting facilities are available for retrospective data analysis.
- Automatic e-mails can be sent to authorized users in order to report analyzers with networking problems.
- It has high measurement precision and peculiar time synchronization features.

Outstanding Features

Ability to Monitor Two or More Feeders with a Single Device

Easy Installation

Custom Solutions Tailored to Needs

User Support

Automatic Software Updates



⁽¹⁾ For devices measuring 2 and 4 feeders, the voltage signals are independent while the voltage signals are shared in devices for 7 feeders.

^{(2) 100} msec averages are applicable for the analyzers operating in PMU mode.



Real-time Data Monitoring

SOFTWARE FEATURES OF THE POWER QUALITY MONITORING SYSTEM

Power Quality Monitoring System Software are designed to easily monitor the collected data and to simply interpret them. They are implemented using open-source platforms and hence do not need usage or license fees. Developed by national engineering staff, this suit of software can be easily adapted to newly-emerging requirements, to changing regulations and standards. The users can use this software suit with their defined usernames and passwords through an internet connection.

The data computed and collected with the Power Quality Monitoring System can be accessed with three basic types of software.

1. Real-time Power Quality Monitoring Software

Real-time Power Quality Monitoring Software enables real-time monitoring of parameters like current, voltage, frequency, power and power factor as 100 msec⁽¹⁾ and 3 sec. averages.

Additionally, the data can be queried for user-specified intervals as graphs of 100 msec-3 sec-1 min-10 min-1 hr averages and the software enables exporting of the queried data.

(1) 100 msec averages are applicable for the analyzers that operate in PMU mode.





2. Client Software

(Power Quality Analysis, Reporting and Event Data Examination Software)

The Client Software has features to query all power quality parameters within specified date intervals, for detailed examination with cursors on graphs, and for automatic reporting.

- > Root-Mean-Square (RMS) Analysis
 - Voltage-Current RMS
 - Active, Reactive, Apparent Power/Power Factor
- ➤ Frequency
- ➤ Harmonics (V-I)
 - Total Harmonic Distortion (V-I)
 - Interharmonics (V-I)

Software Features of the Power Quality Monitoring System

Automatic Reporting

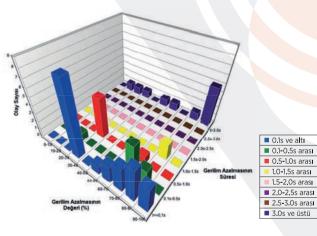
Retrospective Querying





Detailed Analysis Software -

- > Flicker
 - Short Term Flicker (Pst)
 - Long Term Flicker (Plt)
- ➤ Voltage Unbalance
- > Event Analysis (Analysis of the event with raw data)
 - Long Term Sag, Swell and Interruption
 - Short Term Sag, Swell and Interruption
- ➤ Last 10 Events Analyses (Quick visualization of the most recent 10 events)
- > Reporting
 - Detailed Report
 - Compact Report
 - Event Percentage Report



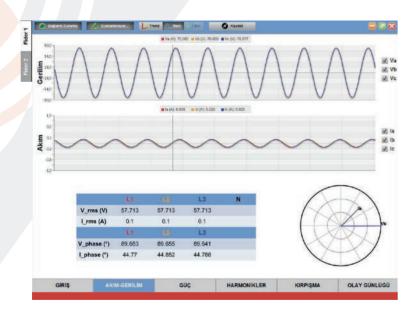
— Event Distribution Graph —

Software Features of the Power Quality Monitoring System

3. Power Quality Analyzer User Interface Application

This user interface is used during direct connection to the Power Quality Analyzer.

- Capability to monitor more than one Power Quality Analyzer using the same interface
- Simultaneous visualization of the analysis data (current, voltage, frequency, power, power factor, flicker, harmonics) on graphs and tables
- ➤ Listing the last 10 event analyses
- > Simultaneous saving of the monitored data



Software Features of the Power Quality Monitoring System

- Ease of Use

Modern Look





Simultaneous Lossless
Data Transfer to 3
Different Centers

No Limit on the Number of Users

No License Fee -

MONITORING CENTER

Monitoring Center comprises the following components;

Application Server – Database Server – Software running on the servers – Devices related to the network infrastructure – Monitoring displays

The servers at the center have their backup servers. Software running on the servers have been implemented with national engineering staff and they run without any limits on the number of users and without any fees for usage or license.



TEİAŞ National Power Quality Monitoring Center

SERVICES

Beginning from the bidding phase, mounting and deployment tasks of the Power Quality Monitoring System (excluding the responsibilities of the client organization) have been performed by the TÜBİTAK MAM Vice Presidency of Energy Technologies.



Calibration Certificate from Accredited Laboratory





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